

## TUWAY AMERICAN GROUP

### Microfiber Wash Instructions

The following procedure for machine-washing microfiber mops, will assure maximum performance and longevity.

| Step | Operation     | Minutes | Water Temp | Water Level | Guidelines   |
|------|---------------|---------|------------|-------------|--|
| 1    | Flush         | 2       | 120F/50C   | H           |  |
| 2    | Flush         | 2       | 120F/50C   | H           |  |
| 3    | Break/Suds    | 10      | 140F/60C   | L           | 6 oz. Built (non-solvent)detergent 100 lbs. - 4 g/kg (pH 8.5-10 Maximum) |
| 4    | Rinse Extract | 3       | 140F/60C   | H           |  |
| 5    | Rinse Extract | 2       | 80F/27C    | H           |  |
| 6    | Rinse         | 2       | 80F/27C    | H           |  |
| 7    | Rinse         | 2       | COLD       | H           |  |
| 8    | Dry           | 10      | 140F/60C   |             |  |

#### Centrifugal

Extraction: Bring to full speed (450 rpm) for 6 minutes and release.

#### Hydraulic

Extraction: 250 PSI -8.3 bar for 3 minutes and release.

Drying: For best results, air dry microfiber mops. If a dryer is used, tumble dry using low heat only.  
KEEP DRYER HEAT TEMP BELOW 140F

#### Handling/Processing:

- 1) Do not use bleach to remove stains or for any other reason. Bleach will decrease the effectiveness and durability of the microfiber product.
- 2) Keep wash/dry load capacities at 85-90% capacity.
- 3) Do not use fabric softener.
- 4) Do not wash with terry towels, regular mops or any other product that will shed lint.
- 5) Separate different colored microfiber mops before their first wash.
- 6) Microfiber mops can be hand washed using warm soapy water.

#### Note:

Over time, the use of harsh chemicals such as those contained in bleach and fabric softeners will reduce the performance and longevity of microfiber mops.

The largest contributing factors to Microfibers wear is EXCESSIVE HEAT and pH.